

#### UNDERSTANDING THE BASICS

#### CITY BUDGET & STREET FUNDING

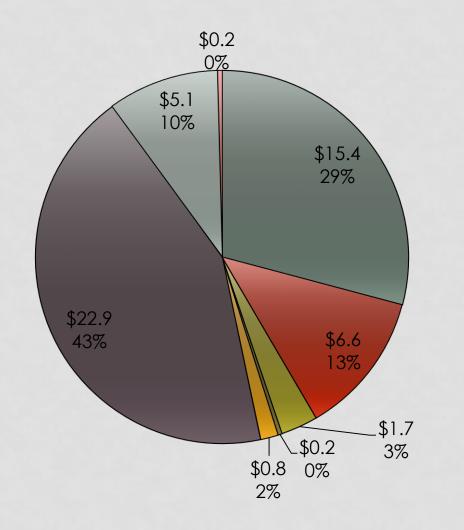
# AGENDA

- Brief City Budget Presentation
  - Help citizens understand how the city is funded
  - Help citizens understand our identified needs
  - Help form the discussion
- Highlight Street Funding Issues
  - Help citizens understand how city streets are funded
  - Help citizens understand streets are expensive to maintain and are underfunded
  - Help form the discussion
- Community Comments / Concerns / Questions
  - On-hand to listen and answer questions
  - Councilors may also be in attendance

# CITY BUDGET BASICS

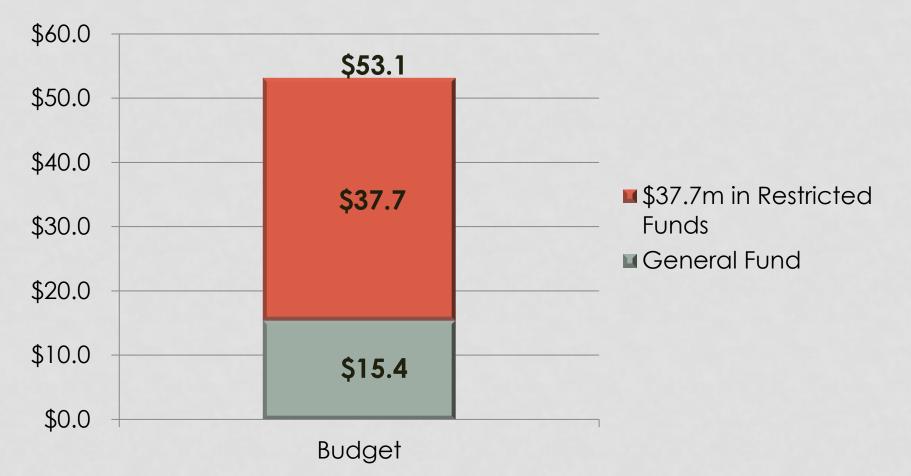
- <u>Budget process is prescribed by Oregon Law</u>.
- City follows these requirements:
  - Standardized format
  - July June fiscal year currently 2015/16
  - Public hearing and publication requirements
  - Designate specific categories
    - 8 such categories:
      - 35 separate funds
      - Each fund must balance income and expenses
  - Every city has a general operating fund
  - Deficit spending not allowed
  - Borrowing internal funds is allowed
  - Revenues & expenses must balance

## CITY BUDGET - \$53.1 MILLION EIGHT CATEGORY BREAKDOWN



General Fund
Special Funds
Capital Project Funds
Debt Service Funds
Permanent Funds
Enterprise Funds
Internal Service Funds
Agency Funds

## 2015/16 BUDGET (MILLIONS)



• 34 Restricted Funds: 7 categories: all must be used for a specific purpose.

o General Fund: 1 category: can be used for any lawful purpose.

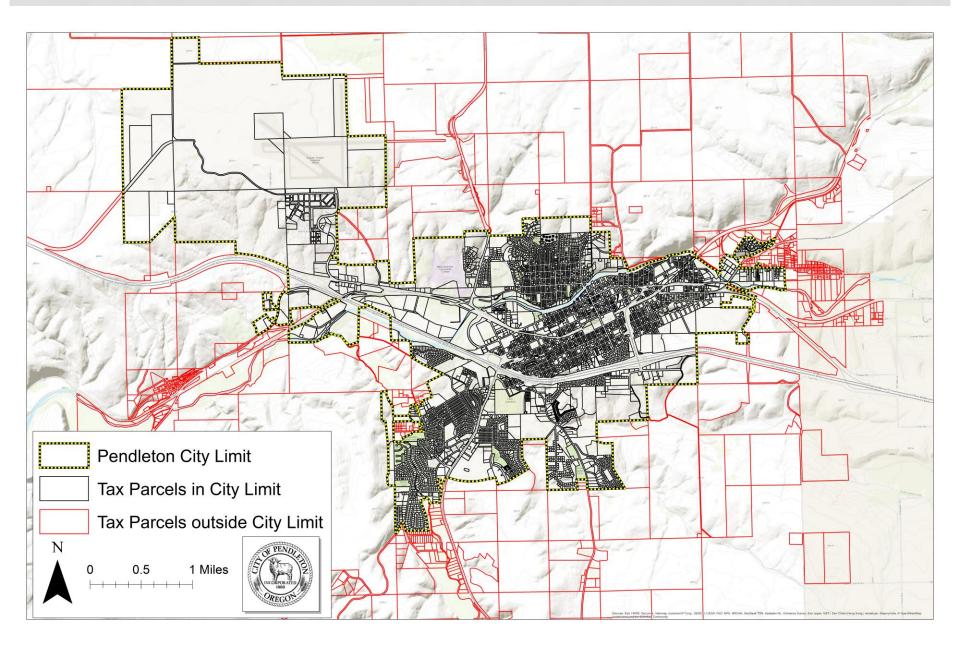
#### - PERSONAL PROPERTY TAXES -WHERE DOES YOUR MONEY GO?



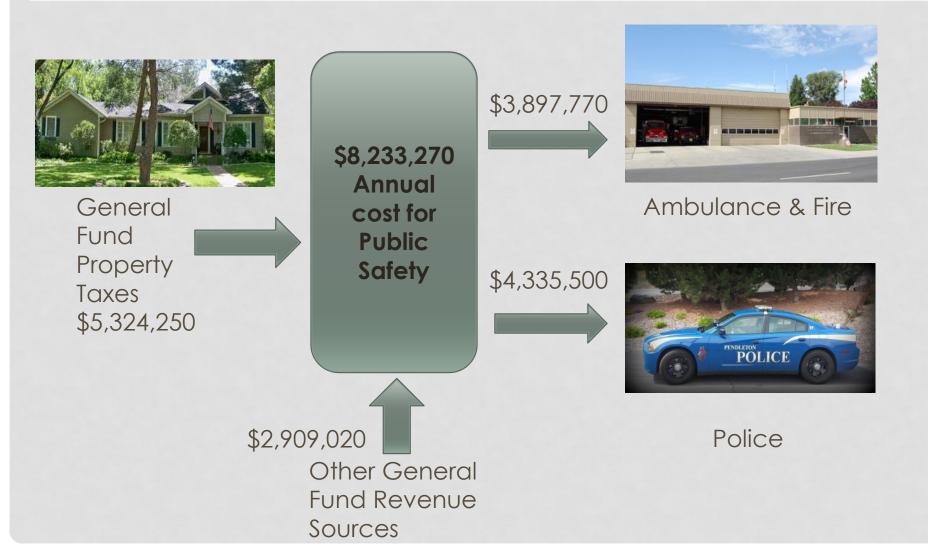
Port of Umatilla, County Radio, Library District

# ENTITIES THAT DO NOT PAY PROPERTY TAX

- Properties located outside the city limits
- Government
  - Local, County, State, & Federal
- Schools
  - Pendleton School District, BMCC, Harris Junior Academy
- Churches
- Non-Profit Charitable
  - Eagles, Elks, Odd Fellows, Masons, Knights of Pythias, etc.
- Non-Profit Support Agencies
  - Salvation Army, United Way, CAPECO, Lifeways, etc.
- Non-Profit Owned Businesses
  - St. Anthony Hospital is a good example.



## PROPERTY TAXES DO NOT COVER BASIC SAFETY SERVICES



### GENERAL FUND 2015-2016: \$15.4 MILLION

#### Revenue

#### Expense



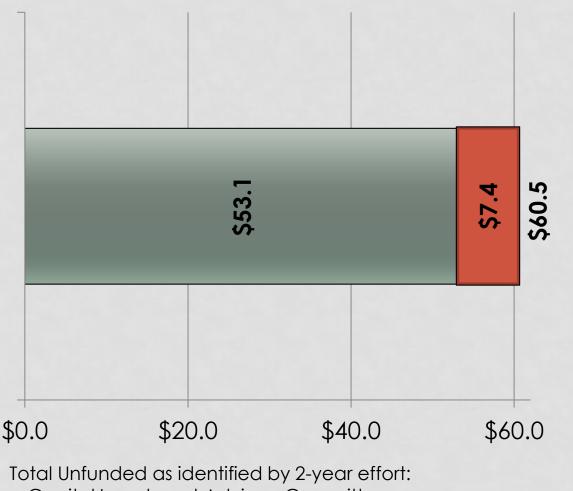
Beginning Fund Balance Revenue & Capital Operating Expense:

- Carry-over to operate city from August to November until new tax receipts come in
- Without carry-over, city would have to borrow and pay interest to operate until November

## CITY BUDGET SUMMARY

- Budget reporting historically:
  - Balances expenses to revenues
  - Does not reflect "unfunded" costs associated with
    - Aging city facilities and equipment
    - Aging utility infrastructure (water, sewer, storm, streets)
    - Additional services
- Future budget reporting:
  - Better transparency on unfunded costs
  - Funding alternatives
  - More community discussion

### ADDITIONAL BUDGET NEEDS (\$ MILLIONS / YEAR)



Budget AmountTotal Unfunded

Capital Investment Advisory Committee

o Water, Sewer, & Storm Master Plans adopted in 2015

## UNFUNDED NEED BREAKDOWN (\$ MILLIONS / YEAR)



Unfunded Streets
 Unfunded Facilities
 Unfunded Sewer
 Unfunded Water
 Unfunded Storm

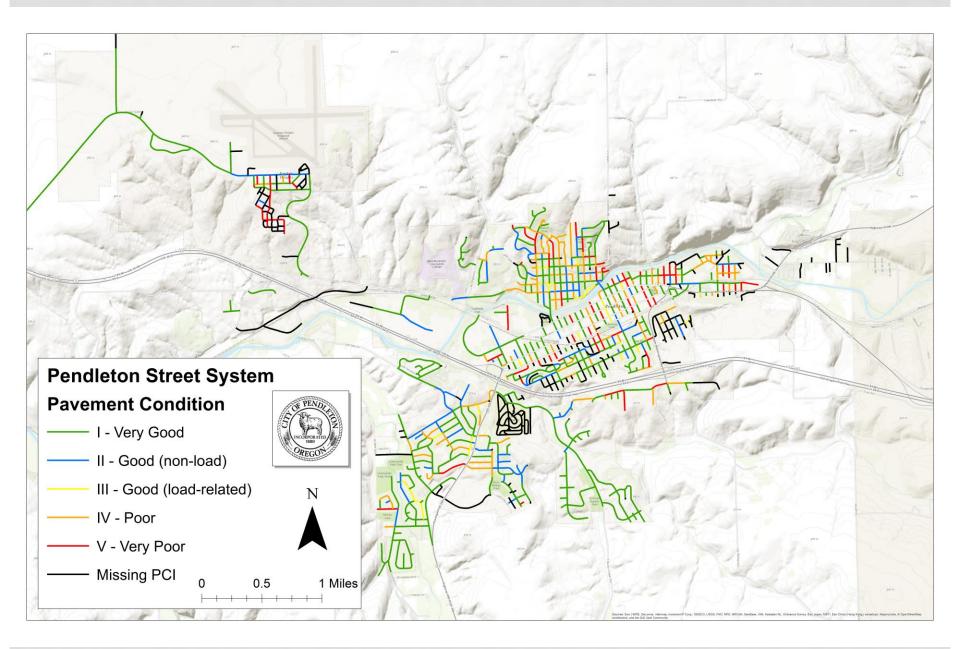
Capital Investment Advisory Committee, city staff, & Master Plans
 Unfunded Streets is a beginning target amount set by committee

#### - STREETS -EXISTING FUNDING

- Current funding resources:
  - State gas tax share: \$ 950,400
  - Federal gas tax share: <u>\$ 180,000</u>
  - Total: \$1,130,400
- State gas tax:
  - 30¢ per gallon
  - Increased once in 22-years: 6¢ in 2011
  - City receives about \$32,000 for every 1¢ per gallon collected in Pendleton
- Federal gas tax:
  - 18.4¢ per gallon
  - Has not been increased in 22-years
  - City receives about \$9,800 for every 1¢ per gallon collected in Pendleton



- \$16 million backlog in road preservation
  - Identified in May 2013 Pavement Management Software Budget Operations Report
- Funding restricted for cleaning, repairing, operating, maintaining, and preserving city streets
- 87 miles of city streets
  - 1 city block ~ 300-feet
  - Over 1,500 city blocks
  - Also assist with maintaining 14 miles of state highway in the city



#### - STREETS – COSTS TO FULLY FUND

- Breakdown of an 80-year life cycle for a paved street
  - 1: 80-year replacement or reconstruction
  - 3: 20-year overlays
  - 8: 6 2/3-year crack seal / slurry seal treatments
- Relative street treatment costs:
  - \$ 3,000 per city block: for crack sealing or seal coat
  - \$15,000 per city block: for overlay with 2" of new pavement
  - \$80,000 per city block: for reconstructing the street
- Fully funded based on life cycle (today's costs):
  - Just under \$150,000 per city block for 80-year life cycle
  - About \$2,800,000 per year for all 1,500 city blocks
- Maintenance of city streets is very expensive and underfunded

#### - RESIDENTIAL STREETS – PROPOSED FUNDING CONSIDERATIONS

• Street Utility Fee:

\$5/month

- Based on water meter equivalent
  - Residential based
  - Larger the water meter, the more the charge
- \$60/year per household
- City Council has approved, but has not initiated
- \$481,000 per year in additional funding
- Local Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax: 5¢/gallon
  - l¢/gallon generates \$110,000 per year
    - Based on Airport Road 4¢/gallon motor vehicle fuel tax that sunset in 2013
  - Needs voter approval
  - 55% of households contribute / 45% from other sources
  - Annual household costs depend on total miles driven and fuel economy
    - Average motorist uses about 372 gallons of fuel per year per:
    - 10,000 miles per year @ 20 miles per gallon:
    - 15,000 miles per year @ 20 miles per gallon:
  - \$550,000 per year in additional funding
  - Sunsets in 10-years

\$1.60/month \$2.08/month \$3.13/month

#### - RESIDENTIAL STREETS – PROPOSED FUNDING CONSIDERATIONS

- 70% earmarked to apply to streets in good condition
  - Best value for the money
- 30% earmarked to apply to worst case streets
  - Begins to put money towards poor condition residential streets
- On-going 2-year list of projects
  - \$1,031,000 per year: Street Utility Fee plus Local Fuel Tax
  - \$ 481,000 per year: Street Utility Fee
  - City staff to produce on-going 2-year list for budget approval
    - Prioritize based on other underground utility needs
      - Water, sewer, storm, gas, power, communication, etc.
  - Make list available for public review

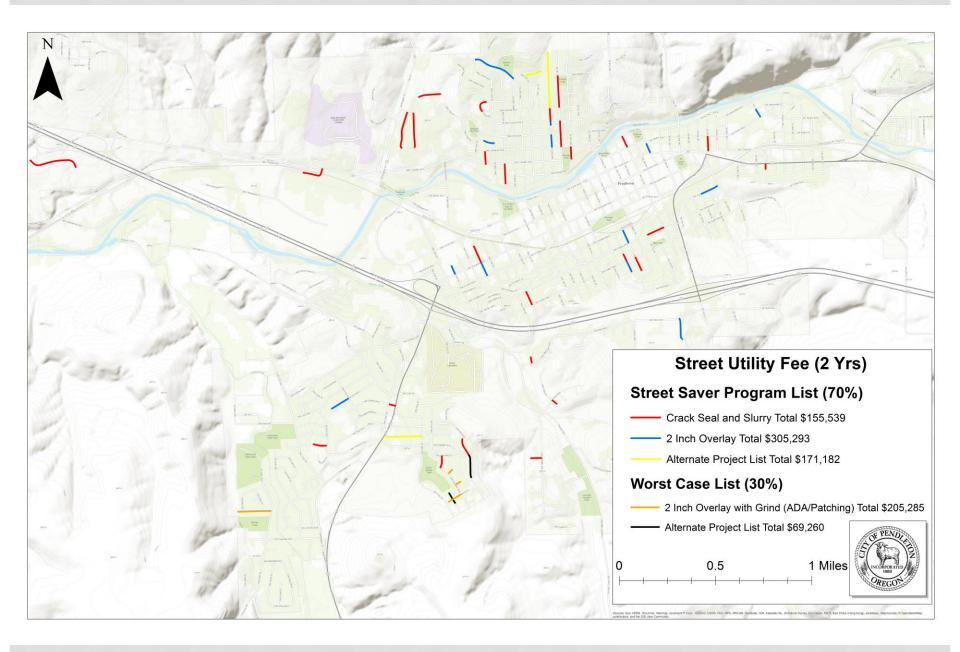
#### Street Utility Fee Plus Local Fuel Tax (2 Yrs)

#### Street Saver Program List (70%)

- ----- Crack Seal and Slurry Total \$171,126
- 2 Inch Overlay Total \$798,144
- ----- Slurry with Localized Patching(Cat III) Total \$35,506
- ------ Seal Cracks Total \$971
- Alternate Project List Total \$197,475

#### Worst Case List (30%)

- 2 Inch Overlay with Grind (ADA/Patching) Total \$433,276
- Alternate Project List Total \$135,725
  - 0.5 1 Miles



#### - STREETS – FUNDING REVIEW SUMMARY

- \$ 300,000: existing street preservation funding
- \$2,800,000: fully funded 80-year life cycle for all 87 miles of city streets
- \$2,500,000: current funding shortfall
- Street Utility Fee and Local Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax are first steps in bridging the existing shortfall

<u>\$ 550,000</u> per year

- Street Utility Fee: \$ 481,000 per year
- Local Fuel Tax:
- Total: \$1,031,000 per year
- Dedicated to existing paved residential streets

## CONCERNS / QUESTIONS / COMMENTS

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